UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

/X/ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarter ended September 30, 1994

or

/ / TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-1204

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} AMERADA & HESS & CORPORATION \\ (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) \end{tabular}$

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

13-4921002

(I.R.S. employer identification number)

1185 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS, NEW YORK, N.Y.
(Address of principal executive offices)
10036
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code is (212) 997-8500)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No

At September 30, 1994, 92,972,355 shares of Common Stock were outstanding.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

AMERADA HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INCOME (in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30		
	1994		1994		
REVENUES Sales (excluding excise taxes) and other operating revenues Non-operating revenues		\$1,248,867 888		\$ 4,228,777 6,330	
Total revenues		1,249,755		4,235,107	
COSTS AND EXPENSES Cost of products sold and operating expenses Exploration expenses, including dry holes Selling, general and administrative expenses	62,168 144,357	78,609 141,499	3,226,332 184,542 441,064		
Interest expense Depreciation, depletion and amortization	62,127 207,753	36,273 169,567	182,421 659,793		
Lease impairment Provision for income taxes	11,305 34,541	13,931 14,749	36,839 114,220	41,092 82,475	
Total costs and expenses	1,546,996	14, 749 1, 272, 165	4,845,211	4,399,140	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE		(22,410)			
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAXES				29,459	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (1,912)	\$ (22,410) =======		\$ (134,574)	
INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE BEFORE ACCOUNTING CHANGE			\$.70 ======		
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE	\$ (.02) ======	\$ (.24) ======	\$.70 ======	\$ (1.45) ======	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING (FULLY DILUTED BASIS)	92,994	92,591	92,961	92,597	
COMMON STOCK DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	\$.15	\$.15	\$.45	\$.45	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

AMERADA HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (in thousands of dollars)

ASSETS

	September 30, 1994	December 31, 1993
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses	\$ 36,366 477,527 1,009,386 180,923	\$ 79,635 554,987 853,393 200,151
Total current assets	1,704,202	1 600 166
INVESTMENTS AND ADVANCES	133,898	137,161
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Total - at cost Less reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization and lease impairment	14,244,286 7,750,108	13,787,240 7,052,328
·		
Property, plant and equipment - net	6,494,178	6,734,912
OTHER ASSETS	101,420	81,307
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,433,698 ======	\$ 8,641,546 =======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLD	DERS' EQU	ITY
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable - trade Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Notes payable Taxes payable Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 284,808 563,361 20,566 16,000 154,152 179,200	\$ 329,648 613,791 128,566 117,900 106,893 146,342
Total current liabilities	1,218,087	1,443,140
LONG-TERM DEBT	3,227,892	3,423,680
CAPITALIZED LEASE OBLIGATIONS	90,203	91,094
DEFERRED LIABILITIES AND CREDITS		
Deferred income taxes Other	544, 285 228, 904	462,273 192,448
Total deferred liabilities and credits	773,189	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, par value \$1.00 Authorized - 20,000,000 shares for issuance in serie Common stock, par value \$1.00 Authorized - 200,000,000 shares	es	
Issued - 92,972,355 shares at September 30, 1994; 92,586,855 shares at December 31, 1993 Capital in excess of par value Retained earnings Equity adjustment from foreign currency translation	92,972 742,460 2,472,513 (183,618)	92,587 725,443 2,449,325 (238,444)
Total stockholders' equity	3,124,327	0.000.011
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 8,433,698 =======	\$ 8,641,546 =======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

AMERADA HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS Nine Months Ended September 30 (in thousands)

	1994	1993
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion, amortization and lease impairment	\$ 65,013	, , ,
Exploratory dry hole costs Changes in operating assets and liabilities Deferred income taxes and other items	113,023 (173,961) (27,245)	553,283 127,303 (62,743) (15,685)
Net cash provided by operating activities	673,462	467,584
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital expenditures Other, including proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Net cash used in investing activities	53,443	(1,132,346) 5,982 (1,126,364)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase (decrease) in notes payable Long-term borrowings Repayment of long-term debt and capitalized lease obligations Cash dividends paid	(101,900) 266,795 (483,760) (55,712)	123,902 595,454 (93,989) (41,611)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(374,577)	583,756
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	2,698	3,105
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(43, 269)	(71,919)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	79,635	141,014
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 36,366 ======	\$ 69,095 ======

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands of dollars)

Note 1 - The financial statements included in this report reflect all normal and recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's consolidated financial position at September 30, 1994 and December 31, 1993, and the consolidated results of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 1994 and 1993, and the consolidated cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 1994 and 1993. The unaudited results of operations for the interim periods reported are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year.

Certain notes and other information have been condensed or omitted from these interim financial statements. Such statements, therefore, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the 1993 Annual Report to Stockholders, which have been incorporated by reference in the Corporation's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993.

Note 2 - Inventories consist of the following:

	September 30, 1994		December 31, 1993	
Crude oil and other charge stocks	\$	308,893	\$	299,015
Refined and other finished products		576,015		436,633
Materials and supplies		124,478		117,745
Total inventories	\$	1,009,386	\$	853,393
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Note 3 - In October 1994, the Corporation reached an agreement in principle with its lenders to replace existing revolving credit facilities in the United States and the United Kingdom (the "existing facilities") with new revolving credit facilities (the "new facilities"). The existing facilities have an aggregate capacity of \$2,451,000 and an outstanding balance of \$1,861,000 as of September 30, 1994. A substantial portion of the existing facilities was due to be repaid in 1996 and 1997.

Borrowing capacity under the new facilities consists of \$1,400,000 in the United States which becomes due in November 1999, and \$800,000 of reducing revolving credit in the United Kingdom which begins to decline in 1999 and terminates in 2002. The new facilities bear interest at .5% and .425% over the London Interbank Offered Rate on the United States and United Kingdom portion of the borrowings, respectively. Commitment fees of .2% and .1875%, respectively, are required on the undrawn balances of the United States facility and the United Kingdom facility.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED ETNANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4 - The provision for income taxes consisted of the following:

	Three months ended Sept. 30		Nine months ended Sept. 30		
	1994	1993	1994	1993	
Current	\$ 49,770	\$ 13,394	\$ 98,475	\$ 78,844	
Deferred	(15, 229)	1,355	15,745	3,631	
Total	\$ 34,541	\$ 14,749	\$114,220	\$ 82,475	
	=======	=======	=======	=======	

On January 1, 1993, the Corporation changed its method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with FAS No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. The cumulative effect of this accounting change at January 1, 1993 was to increase net income by \$29,459 (\$.32 per share).

- Note 5 Foreign currency exchange transactions, reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses, amounted to losses of \$2,223 and \$5,502, respectively, for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 1994, compared to a loss of \$2,565 and a gain of \$44 for the corresponding periods of 1993. The net effect, after applicable income taxes, amounted to losses of \$1,242 and \$3,362, respectively, for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 1994, compared to losses of \$2,619 and \$1,056 for the corresponding periods of 1993.
- Note 6 Interest cost related to certain long-term construction projects has been capitalized in accordance with FAS No. 34. During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 1993, interest cost of \$26,911 and \$88,997, respectively, was capitalized. There was no interest capitalized for the corresponding periods of 1994.
- Note 7 The Corporation uses futures, forward, option and swap contracts to reduce the impact of volatility in the prices of crude oil, natural gas and refined products. These contracts correlate to movements in the value of inventory and the prices of crude oil and natural gas, and as hedges, any gains or losses are recorded as part of the transaction hedged. Net unrealized gains resulting from the Corporation's petroleum hedging activities were not material at September 30, 1994.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The results of operations for the third quarter of 1994 amounted to a net loss of \$2 million (\$.02 per share) compared with a net loss of \$22 million (\$.24 per share) in the third quarter of 1993. In the first nine months of 1994, the Corporation had net income of \$65 million (\$.70 per share) compared with a net loss of \$135 million (\$1.45 per share) in the first nine months of 1993.

The results for the third quarter of 1994 include a net gain of \$41 million (\$.44 per share) from the sale of the Corporation's interest in an undeveloped United Kingdom North Sea natural gas field. The results for the first nine months of 1993 included income of \$29 million (\$.32 per share) from the cumulative effect of the change in accounting for income taxes required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 and a charge of \$11 million (\$.11 per share) from the refinancing of long-term notes.

	Three months ended Sept. 30		Nine months ended Sept. 30	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
Exploration and production Refining and marketing Corporate administration, including interest expense,	\$ 65 (14)	\$ 12 (5)	\$ 132 70	\$ 107 (182)
and other operating activities	(53)	(29)	(137)	(60)
Total	\$ (2) ======	\$ (22) =====	\$ 65 =====	\$(135) =====

Excluding the gain from the sale of the natural gas field referred to above, earnings from exploration and production activities increased by \$12 million in the third quarter of 1994 and decreased by \$16 million in the first nine months of 1994, compared with the corresponding periods of 1993. The increase in the third quarter of 1994 was primarily due to higher United Kingdom crude oil and natural gas sales volumes, partially offset by lower crude oil and natural gas selling prices and sales volumes in the United States. The decrease in exploration and production earnings in the nine months ended September 30, 1994 was primarily due to lower average worldwide crude oil selling prices. The Corporation's average selling prices, including the effects of hedging, were as follows:

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	Three months ended Sept. 30		Nine months ended Sept. 30	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (per barrel) United States Foreign	\$15.67 16.20	\$16.57 16.25	\$15.06 15.76	\$17.36 17.58
Natural gas (per Mcf) United States Foreign	1.82 1.72	2.15 1.54	2.02 1.75	2.07 1.60

The Corporation's net daily worldwide crude oil and natural gas production was as follows:

	Three months ended Sept. 30		Nine months ended Sept. 30	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (barrels per day)				
United States	66,013	71,634	68,807	71,775
Foreign	167,630	136,954	180,928	135,004
· ·				
Total	233,643	208,588	249,735	206,779
	======	======	======	======
Natural gas (Mcf per day)				
United States	384,858	487,317	441,686	502,651
Foreign	321, 793	270,634	402,545	353, 405
· ·				
Total	706,651	757,951	844,231	856,056
	======	======	======	======

The increase in foreign crude oil production resulted primarily from the Scott Field in the United Kingdom, which commenced production in September 1993. United States natural gas production was lower as a result of natural field decline and voluntary production curtailments due to low natural gas prices. Natural gas production in Canada and the United Kingdom increased.

Increased depreciation, depletion and amortization charges and higher production expenses in the third quarter and nine months of 1994 were principally due to the increased United Kingdom crude oil and natural gas production. Such charges are expected to remain at current levels consistent with the higher production. Exploration expenses were lower in the third quarter and nine months of 1994, primarily in the United States, reflecting the Corporation's overall objective of restraining capital spending. In the first nine months of 1994, selling, general and administrative expenses in the United States were higher, largely from expenses related to the further consolidation of exploration and production operations in Houston. For the nine months ended September 30, 1994, foreign effective income tax rates were higher, principally due to the effect of the Petroleum Revenue Tax in the United Kingdom.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

Future exploration and production earnings will be impacted by changes in crude oil and natural gas selling prices, exploration expenses, effective income tax rates and other factors.

Refining and marketing operations had a loss of \$14 million in the third quarter of 1994 compared with a loss of \$5 million in the third quarter of 1993. The change was primarily due to lower margins on gasolines and distillates, reflecting competitive industry conditions. In the first nine months of 1994, refining and marketing operations had income of \$70 million compared with a loss of \$182 million in the first nine months of 1993. In spite of refined product selling prices that were approximately \$1.00 per barrel lower in the first nine months of 1994 than in the comparative period of 1993, refined product margins improved, as the cost of crude oil was significantly lower in 1994. Earnings in the first nine months of 1994 benefited from the cold winter weather, which strengthened margins for distillates and residual fuel oils in the early part of the year. Income taxes (benefits) were not recorded on a substantial portion of the 1994 income and 1993 loss of refining and marketing operations, reflecting the net operating loss carryforward of a refining subsidiary.

The operation of the fluid catalytic cracking unit in the Virgin Islands has increased the Corporation's production of gasoline and contributed to improved operating results over the first nine months of 1994. Total refined product sales volumes amounted to 126 million barrels in the first nine months of 1994 compared with 99 million barrels in the corresponding period of 1993. Sales of gasoline were higher because of increased production from the Virgin Islands refinery. Distillate sales also increased because of the marketing of premium diesel fuel. Refining and marketing earnings will continue to be volatile because of competitive industry conditions and supply and demand factors, including the effects of weather.

Corporate administration, including interest expense, and other operating activities (principally transportation), had net expenses of \$53 million in the third quarter of 1994 and \$137 million in the first nine months of 1994, compared with \$29 million and \$60 million in the corresponding periods of 1993. The results for the first nine months of 1993 include \$29 million from the cumulative effect of the change in accounting for income taxes and a charge of \$11 million from the refinancing of long-term notes. The increase in Corporate expenses in 1994 was due to higher interest expense, since interest is no longer being capitalized on the Corporation's major construction projects, which are completed and in operation.

Consolidated sales and other operating revenues increased by 20% in the third quarter of 1994 and 14% in the first nine months of 1994 compared with the corresponding periods of 1993. The increases were primarily due to higher refined product sales volumes and the increased proportion of gasoline sales. The sale of the undeveloped natural gas field in the United Kingdom in the third quarter of 1994 is reflected in non-operating revenues in the income statement.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash provided by operating activities, including changes in operating assets and liabilities, amounted to \$673 million in the first nine months of 1994 compared with \$468 million in the first nine months of 1993. The increase was primarily due to improved operating results. Cash provided by operating activities exceeded capital expenditures of \$398 million in the first nine months of 1994. The excess cash flow was primarily used to repay debt. In the first nine months of 1993, capital expenditures of \$1,132 million exceeded cash flow, primarily because of spending on the Corporation's North Sea projects and the upgrading of the Virgin Islands refinery.

Total debt was \$3,423 million at September 30, 1994 compared with \$3,688 million at December 31, 1993. The debt to total capitalization ratio was 52% at September 30, 1994 compared with nearly 55% at year-end 1993. At September 30, 1994, the Corporation has additional borrowing capacity available under existing revolving credit agreements, principally in the United States and United Kingdom, of \$672 million and additional unused lines of credit under uncommitted arrangements with banks of \$710 million.

The Corporation has reached an agreement in principle with lenders in the United States and the United Kingdom to refinance its revolving credit facilities. The existing facilities have a capacity of \$2,451 million at September 30,1994 (\$1,861 million outstanding) and will be replaced with new facilities having a capacity of \$2,200 million. A substantial portion of the existing facilities was due to be repaid in 1996 and 1997. The new facilities are due in 1999 and thereafter. The borrowing arrangements are more fully described in Note 3 to the financial statements.

The Corporation uses futures, forward, option and swap contracts to mitigate the effect on its business of volatility in the prices of crude oil, natural gas and refined products. At September 30, 1994, the Corporation has open forward sales positions on approximately 13% of its anticipated worldwide crude oil production over the next twelve months and has option contracts, which result in varyiing degrees of protection against declines in market prices, covering an additional 6% of crude oil production. The Corporation has open forward sales positions on approximately 3% of its anticipated United States natural gas production for the next twelve months and has option contracts, with varying degrees of price protection, covering an additional 18% of its natural gas production. The Corporation has also hedged approximately 8% of its annual natural gas purchase requirements. The Corporation has hedges (primarily short futures and options) covering approximately 18% of its refining and marketing inventories and has short positions covering the sale of an additional 15% of refined products to be manufactured in the latter part of 1994 and early 1995. The Corporation also has hedged approximately 3% of its annual refinery crude oil purchase requirements. As market conditions change, the Corporation will adjust its hedging strategies.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

Capital expenditures in the first nine months of 1994 amounted to \$398 million compared with \$1,132 million in the first nine months of 1993. Capital expenditures in the first nine months of 1993 included \$652 million related to the Corporation's three major projects. The three major projects were the development of the Scott oil field and the Everest and Lomond natural gas fields and related facilities in the United Kingdom North Sea and the construction of the fluid catalytic cracking complex in the Virgin Islands, all of which were completed in 1993 and are in operation.

Capital expenditures for the remainder of 1994 are estimated to be approximately \$200 million and will be financed by internally generated funds.

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

As reported in Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1993, the Registrant is currently the subject of an investigation by U.S. Attorneys for federal judicial districts in New Jersey and the U.S. Virgin Islands and by the United States Environmental Protection Agency with respect to possible violations of federal environmental and other laws and regulations in connection with hazardous waste handling at the petroleum refinery in St. Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands owned and operated by Registrant's wholly-owned subsidiary, Hess Oil Virgin Islands Corp. ("HOVIĆ"). That investigation apparently focuses on whether or not certain spent catalyst generated at the HOVIC refinery should have been managed as a hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"), and, if it should have been managed as a hazardous waste, whether or not such catalyst was stored beyond the time period permitted under RCRA and whether or not Registrant and/or HOVIC failed to comply with certain environmental reporting requirements related thereto. The Registrant is also now the subject of an investigation by U.S. Attorneys for the federal judicial district in Arizona arising out of the shipment of such catalyst to a third party in Arizona. This investigation apparently focuses on whether or not Registrant, HOVIC or such third party failed to comply in a timely manner with certain reporting obligations in connection with the shipment of such catalyst under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act. It is not possible at this time for Registrant to state what the outcome of these investigations will be, or, if any proceedings arising out of the investigations were to be commenced against the Registrant or HOVIC, what claims would be asserted or what relief would be sought.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) Exhibits

None

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Registrant filed no report on Form 8-K during the three months ended September 30, 1994.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AMERADA HESS CORPORATION (REGISTRANT)

By /s/ Leon Hess

LEON HESS CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

By /s/ John Y. Schreyer

JOHN Y. SCHREYER EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Date: November 10, 1994

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