#### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  $\checkmark$ **ACT OF 1934** 

For the quarter ended September 30, 2007

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE 0 **ACT OF 1934** 

> For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ **Commission File Number 1-1204**

### HESS CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

#### **DELAWARE**

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

#### 13-4921002

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

#### 1185 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS, NEW YORK, N.Y.

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

#### 10036

(Zip Code)

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code is (212) 997-8500)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\square$ No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer o Non-Accelerated Filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ☑

At September 30, 2007, there were 319,449,308 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### **PART 1-FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements** 

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures** 

#### PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

**SIGNATURES** 

**EX-31.1: CERTIFICATION** 

**EX-31.2: CERTIFICATION** 

**EX-32.1: CERTIFICATION** 

EX-32.2: CERTIFICATION

#### PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

# HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INCOME (UNAUDITED) (In millions, except per share data)

		nths Ended iber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
REVENUES AND NON-OPERATING INCOME					
Sales (excluding excise taxes) and other operating revenues	\$ 7,451	\$ 7,035	\$ 22,191	\$ 20,912	
Non-operating income					
Equity in income of HOVENSA L.L.C.	19	67	156	172	
Gain on asset sales	_	_	21	369	
Other, net	34	25	56	59	
Total revenues and non-operating income	7,504	7,127	22,424	21,512	
COSTS AND EXPENSES					
Cost of products sold (excluding items shown separately below)	5,322	4,899	15,922	14,854	
Production expenses	394	323	1,118	892	
Marketing expenses	238	230	701	686	
Exploration expenses, including dry holes and lease impairment	131	221	314	412	
Other operating expenses	45	32	115	89	
General and administrative expenses	133	115	406	354	
Interest expense	59	49	185	150	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	365	323	1,046	871	
Total costs and expenses	6,687	6,192	19,807	18,308	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	817	935	2,617	3,204	
Provision for income taxes	422	639	1,295	1,643	
NET INCOME	\$ 395	\$ 296	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,561	
Less preferred stock dividends	_	12	_	36	
NET INCOME APPLICABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ 395	\$ 284	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,525	
NET INCOME PER SHARE					
BASIC	\$ 1.26	\$ 1.03	\$ 4.24	\$ 5.54	
DILUTED	1.23	.94	4.15	4.95	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES					
OUTSTANDING (DILUTED)	319.9	316.0	318.6	315.5	
COMMON STOCK DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	\$ .10	\$ .10	\$ .30	\$ .30	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED) (In millions of dollars, thousands of shares)

	September 30, 		December 31, 2006		
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	565	\$	383	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	3,076	Ψ	3,873	
Inventories		1,341		1,005	
Other current assets		287		587	
Total current assets	<u></u>	5,269	_	5,848	
INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATES		3,203	_	3,040	
HOVENSA L.L.C.		1 011		1 055	
Other		1,011 180		1,055 188	
Total investments in affiliates		1,191	_	1,243	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		05.400		24 000	
Total — at cost		25,122		21,980	
Less reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization and lease impairment		10,849	_	9,672	
Property, plant and equipment — net		14,273	_	12,308	
GOODWILL		1,225		1,253	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		1,634		1,430	
OTHER ASSETS		344		360	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,936	\$	22,442	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable	¢	4 440	\$	4 902	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	4,440	Þ	4,803	
Taxes payable		1,458 458		1,477 432	
Current maturities of long-term debt		456		27	
-	<u></u>				
Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	6,402		6,739	
LONG-TERM DEBT		3,939		3,745	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		2,310		2,116	
ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS		826		824	
OTHER LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	950		871	
Total liabilities		14,427	_	14,295	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value, 20,000 shares authorized					
3% cumulative convertible series					
Authorized — 330 shares					
Issued — 284 shares (\$14 million liquidation preference)				_	
Common stock, \$1.00 par value					
Authorized — 600,000 shares		210		215	
Issued — 319,449 shares at September 30, 2007; 315,018 shares at December 31, 2006		319		315	
Capital in excess of par value		1,831		1,689	
Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		8,933		7,707	
<u>-</u>		(1,574)		(1,564)	
Total stockholders' equity	<u></u>	9,509	_	8,147	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	23,936	\$	22,442	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In millions of dollars)

		nths Ended mber 30,
	2007	2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,561
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	1,046	871
Exploratory dry hole costs	25	192
Lease impairment	50	79
Pre-tax gain on asset sales	(21)	(369)
Provision for deferred income taxes	66	286
Distributed earnings of HOVENSA L.L.C., net	44	128
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities	169	(36)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,701	2,712
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	(2,773)	(2,883)
Proceeds from asset sales	93	444
Payments received on notes receivable	46	61
Other	(52)	20
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,686)	(2,358)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Debt with maturities of greater than 90 days		
Borrowings	761	21
Repayments	(548)	(31)
Cash dividends paid	(127)	(148)
Employee stock options exercised	81	35
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	167	(123)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	182	231
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	383	315
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 565	\$ 546

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements included in this report reflect all normal and recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of Hess Corporation's (the Corporation) consolidated financial position at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the consolidated results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 and the consolidated cash flows for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. The unaudited results of operations for the interim periods reported are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

Certain notes and other information have been condensed or omitted from these interim financial statements. These statements, therefore, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Corporation's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Staff Position (FSP) AUG AIR-1, *Accounting for Planned Major Maintenance Activities*. This FSP eliminates the previously acceptable accrue-in-advance method of accounting for planned major maintenance. As a result, the Corporation retrospectively changed its method of accounting to recognize expenses associated with refinery turnarounds when such costs are incurred. The impact of adopting this FSP decreased previously reported third quarter 2006 net income by \$1 million with no impact to diluted earnings per share and increased previously reported net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 by \$4 million (\$.02 per diluted share). The impact on the fourth quarter of 2006 was not material. In addition, previously reported net income for the year ended December 31, 2005 decreased by \$16 million and retained earnings as of January 1, 2005 increased by \$48 million. Prior period financial information in the financial statements and notes reflect this retrospective accounting change.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes the financial statement recognition and measurement criteria for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also requires additional disclosures related to uncertain income tax positions. See note 9, "Income Taxes", for further information.

#### 2. Acquisition

In February 2007, the Corporation completed the acquisition of a 28% interest in the Genghis Khan oil and gas development located in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico on Green Canyon Blocks 652 and 608 for \$371 million, of which \$342 million was allocated to proved and unproved properties and the remainder to wells and equipment. The Genghis Khan development is part of the same geologic structure as the Shenzi development. This transaction was accounted for as an acquisition of assets.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following (in millions):

	September 30, 2007		December 2006	
Crude oil and other charge stocks	\$	346	\$	202
Refined products and natural gas		1,484		1,185
Less: LIFO adjustment		(847)		(676)
		983		711
Merchandise, materials and supplies		358		294
Total inventories	\$	1,341	\$	1,005

#### 4. Refining Joint Venture

The Corporation accounts for its investment in HOVENSA L.L.C. (HOVENSA) using the equity method.

Summarized financial information for HOVENSA follows (in millions):

	Septemb 200		December 31, 2006*
Summarized balance sheet		_	
Cash and short-term investments	\$	355	\$ 290
Other current assets		991	943
Net fixed assets	2	2,161	2,123
Other assets		42	32
Current liabilities	(1	.,149)	(1,013)
Long-term debt		(356)	(252)
Deferred liabilities and credits		(75)	(70)
Members' equity	\$ 1	,969	\$ 2,053

	Three n ended Sept		Nine n ended Sept	
	2007	2006*	2007	2006*
Summarized income statement				
Total sales	\$ 3,539	\$ 3,319	\$ 9,181	\$ 9,041
Cost and expenses	(3,500)	(3,184)	(8,866)	(8,692)
Net income	\$ 39	\$ 135	\$ 315	\$ 349
Hess Corporation's share, before income taxes	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 67</u>	\$ 156	\$ 172

<sup>(\*)</sup> Reflects the impact of the retrospective adoption of a new accounting pronouncement related to expensing the costs of refinery turnarounds.

During the first nine months of 2007 and 2006, the Corporation received cash distributions from HOVENSA of \$200 million and \$300 million, respectively.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 5. Capitalized Exploratory Well Costs

The following table discloses the net changes in capitalized exploratory well costs pending determination of proved reserves for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 (in millions):

Beginning balance at January 1	\$ 399
Additions to capitalized exploratory well costs pending the determination of proved reserves	195
Reclassifications to wells, facilities, and equipment based on the determination of proved reserves	(20)
Ending balance at September 30	\$ 574

The preceding table excludes costs related to exploratory dry holes of \$25 million, which were incurred and subsequently expensed in 2007. Capitalized exploratory well costs greater than one year old after completion of drilling were \$130 million as of September 30, 2007 and \$71 million as of December 31, 2006.

#### 6. Long-Term Debt and Capitalized Interest

At September 30, 2007, the Corporation classified an aggregate of \$457 million of borrowings under short-term credit facilities as long-term debt, based on the available capacity under the \$3 billion syndicated revolving credit facility, substantially all of which is committed through May 2012.

Capitalized interest on development projects amounted to the following (in millions):

	I III CC I	1101101	1 11110 11	Time months		
	ended Sep	tember 30	ended Sep	tember 30		
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Capitalized interest	\$ 18	\$ 25	\$ 49	\$ 75		

Three months

Nine months

#### 7. Foreign Currency

Pre-tax foreign currency gains (losses) amounted to the following (in millions):

	Three m	nonths	Nine months				
	ended Sept	ember 30	ended September 30				
	2007	2006	2007	2006			
Foreign currency gains (losses)	\$ 20	\$ (2)	\$ 14	\$ 11			

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 8. Retirement Plans

Components of net periodic pension cost consisted of the following (in millions):

	Three months ended September 30				ne months September 3		
	2	007	2	2006	 2007		2006
Service cost	\$	11	\$	9	\$ 29	\$	26
Interest cost		18		17	52		49
Expected return on plan assets		(18)		(18)	(52)		(49)
Amortization of prior service cost		_		_	_		1
Amortization of net loss		6		8	16		20
Pension expense	\$	17	\$	16	\$ 45	\$	47

In 2007, the Corporation expects to contribute approximately \$75 million to its funded pension plans and \$15 million to the trust established for its unfunded pension plan. Through September 30, 2007, the Corporation contributed \$58 million to its pension plans.

#### 9. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes consisted of the following (in millions):

		ree months	Nine months				
	ended	September 30	ended September 30				
	2007	2006	2007	2006			
Current	\$ 362	\$ 546	\$ 1,229	\$ 1,357			
Deferred	60	48	71	241			
Adjustment of deferred tax liability for foreign income tax rate change		45	(5)	45			
Total	\$ 422	\$ 639	\$ 1,295	\$ 1,643			

The Corporation adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, effective January 1, 2007. The impact of adoption was not material to the Corporation's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. A deferred tax asset of \$28 million related to an acquired net operating loss carryforward was recorded in conjunction with adopting FIN 48 and goodwill was reduced.

At January 1, 2007, the Corporation had \$142 million of unrecognized income tax benefits, of which \$76 million, if recognized, would affect the Corporation's effective income tax rate. The Corporation has elected to classify interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions as income tax expense.

The Corporation and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the United States and various foreign jurisdictions. The Corporation is no longer subject to examinations by income tax authorities in most jurisdictions for years prior to 2002.

In July 2006, the United Kingdom increased by 10% the supplementary tax on petroleum operations with an effective date of January 1, 2006. As a result, in the third quarter of 2006 the Corporation recorded a charge of \$105 million consisting of an incremental income tax of \$60 million on operating earnings for the first half of 2006 and \$45 million to adjust the United Kingdom deferred tax liability.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 10. Weighted Average Common Shares

The weighted average number of common shares used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations are as follows (in thousands):

	Three m ended Sept		Nine m ended Sept	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Common shares – basic	313,617	275,680	311,986	275,320
Effect of dilutive securities				
Restricted common stock	2,802	2,889	3,078	2,701
Stock options	2,856	3,237	2,889	3,187
Convertible preferred stock	590	34,243	601	34,243
Common shares – diluted	319,865	316,049	318,554	315,451

#### 11. Share-based Compensation

Share-based compensation expense was as follows (in millions):

		Three months			Nine months			
		ended September 30			ended September 30			
	2	2007		2006		007	2006	
Before income taxes	\$	21	\$	18	\$	65	\$	49
After income taxes		14		11		41		32

The Corporation issued 3,025,800 stock options and 1,015,350 shares of restricted stock in the first nine months of 2007 and 2,804,100 stock options and 957,600 shares of restricted stock in the first nine months of 2006.

#### 12. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income (loss) was as follows (in millions):

	 Three months ended September 30					e months eptember 3	30
	 2007	2	006	2007		_	2006
Net income	\$ 395	\$	296	\$	1,322	\$	1,561
Deferred gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, after tax							
Effect of hedge losses recognized in income	98		102		209		257
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedges	(91)		186		(267)		(356)
Change in minimum postretirement plan liabilities, after tax	4		_		12		_
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment and other	30		(10)		36		23
Comprehensive income	\$ 436	\$	574	\$	1,312	\$	1,485

At September 30, 2007, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) included after-tax unrealized deferred losses of \$1,396 million primarily related to crude oil contracts used as hedges of future Exploration and Production sales. The pre-tax amount of deferred hedge losses is reflected in accounts payable and the related income tax benefits are recorded as deferred tax assets on the balance sheet.

## HESS CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 13. Segment Information

The Corporation's results by operating segment were as follows (in millions):

		e months ended eptember 30		nonths ended otember 30
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Operating revenues				
Exploration and Production	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,736	\$ 5,283	\$ 5,085
Marketing and Refining	5,691	5,360	17,058	16,051
Less: Transfers between affiliates	(43)	(61)	(150)	(224)
Total *	\$ 7,451	\$ 7,035	\$ 22,191	\$20,912
Net income (loss)				
Exploration and Production	\$ 414	\$ 206	\$ 1,259	\$ 1,413
Marketing and Refining	46	152	269	327
Corporate, including interest	(65)	(62)	(206)	(179)
Total	\$ 395	\$ 296	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,561

Operating revenues are reported net of excise and similar taxes of approximately \$500 million in the third quarter of both 2007 and 2006 and \$1,500 million during the first nine months of both 2007 and 2006.

Identifiable assets by operating segment were as follows (in millions):

	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Exploration and Production	\$ 16,181	\$ 14,397
Marketing and Refining	5,674	6,228
Corporate	2,081	1,817
Total	\$ 23,936	\$ 22,442

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

#### Overview

Hess Corporation (the Corporation) is a global integrated energy company that operates in two segments, Exploration and Production (E&P) and Marketing and Refining (M&R). The E&P segment explores for, develops, produces, purchases, transports and sells crude oil and natural gas. The M&R segment manufactures, purchases, transports, trades and markets refined petroleum products, natural gas and electricity. Net income was \$395 million for the third quarter of 2007, compared with \$296 million in the third quarter of 2006.

*Exploration and Production:* E&P earnings were \$414 million for the third quarter of 2007, compared with \$206 million in the third quarter of 2006. Worldwide crude oil and natural gas production was 357,000 barrels of oil equivalent per day (boepd) in the third quarter of 2007 compared with 352,000 boepd in the same period of 2006. The Corporation anticipates that its production for the full year of 2007 will average between 375,000 and 380,000 boepd.

The following is an update of recent Exploration and Production activities since the second quarter of 2007:

- In September, gas production commenced at the Snohvit Field located offshore Norway (Hess 3.26%) and in early October crude oil production commenced at the Genghis Khan Field in the Gulf of Mexico (Hess 28%).
- On October 10, the Corporation completed facilities installation work at Block A-18 of the Joint Development Area of Malaysia and Thailand (JDA) (Hess 50%) required for Phase 2 of the development. Production has resumed at the development after being temporarily suspended for 50 days for the upgrade.
- During the third quarter, exploration drilling commenced at the Bob North prospect in the Mississippi Canyon area (Hess 30%) in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico and is expected to be completed in the fourth quarter. In October, the Corporation resumed operations at the Pony discovery (Hess 100%), after it was temporarily suspended for a required drilling rig inspection, and commenced drilling an appraisal well at the Tubular Bells discovery (Hess 20%).
- In September, the Corporation secured a new drillship for use in its global deepwater exploration and development activities beginning in the middle of 2009. The rig will be equipped to drill in up to 7,500 feet of water. The Corporation will make total payments of approximately \$950 million under this five year contract.

*Marketing and Refining:* M&R earnings were \$46 million in the third quarter of 2007 compared with \$152 million in the corresponding period of 2006. The decrease principally reflects lower margins and less favorable trading results. During the third quarter of 2007, the Corporation received a cash distribution of \$75 million from HOVENSA.

#### **Results of Operations**

The after-tax results by major operating activity were as follows (in millions, except per share data):

	Three mon Septem		Nine mon Septem	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Exploration and Production	\$ 414	\$ 206	\$ 1,259	\$ 1,413
Marketing and Refining	46	152	269	327
Corporate	(28)	(31)	(91)	(83)
Interest expense	(37)	(31)	(115)	(96)
Net income	\$ 395	\$ 296	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,561
Net income per share (diluted)	\$ 1.23	\$ .94	\$ 4.15	\$ 4.95

In the discussion that follows, the financial effects of certain transactions are disclosed on an after-tax basis. Management reviews segment earnings on an after-tax basis and uses after-tax amounts in its review of variances in segment earnings. Management believes that after-tax amounts are preferable to pre-tax amounts for explaining variances in earnings, since they show the entire effect of a transaction. After-tax amounts are determined by applying the appropriate income tax rate in each tax jurisdiction to pre-tax amounts.

#### **Items Affecting Comparability Between Periods**

The following items of income (expense), on an after-tax basis, affect the comparability of earnings between periods (in millions):

		ree months ended September 30	Sej	months ended ptember 30
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Exploration and Production				
Estimated production imbalance settlements	\$ (3	33) \$ —	- \$ (33)	\$ —
Gains from asset sales	-		- 15	236
Income tax adjustments	-	<b>–</b> (105	j) —	(45)
Accrued office closing costs	-			(18)
	\$ (3	\$ (105	(18)	\$ 173

In the third quarter of 2007, the Corporation recorded charges totaling \$33 million (\$64 million before taxes) for production imbalances resulting from adjustments to prior meter readings at two offshore fields. The pre-tax adjustments are reflected as a reduction to sales and other operating revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Corporation recorded a net gain of \$15 million (\$21 million before income taxes) related to the sale of its interests in the Scott and Telford fields located in the United Kingdom.

In July 2006, the United Kingdom increased by 10% the supplementary tax on petroleum operations with an effective date of January 1, 2006. As a result, in the third quarter of 2006 the Corporation recorded a charge of \$105 million consisting of an incremental income tax of \$60 million on operating earnings for the first half of 2006 and \$45 million to adjust the United Kingdom deferred tax liability. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, only the one-time adjustment to the deferred tax liability of \$45 million represents an item affecting comparability of earnings between periods.

#### **Results of Operations (continued)**

The gain from asset sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 relates to the sale of certain United States producing properties in the Permian Basin and along the Gulf Coast. The results for the first nine months of 2006 also include a charge for vacated leased office space.

#### **Comparison of Results**

#### **Exploration and Production**

Following is a summarized income statement of the Corporation's Exploration and Production operations (in millions):

	Septem	nths ended nber 30	Nine months ended September 30		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Sales and other operating revenues*	\$ 1,747	\$ 1,665	\$ 5,060	\$ 4,842	
Non-operating income, net	30	15	52	407	
Total revenues	1,777	1,680	5,112	5,249	
Cost and expenses					
Production expenses, including related taxes	394	323	1,118	892	
Exploration expenses, including dry holes and lease impairment	131	221	314	412	
General, administrative and other expenses	64	46	183	163	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	345	306	991	823	
Total costs and expenses	934	896	2,606	2,290	
Results of operations before income taxes	843	784	2,506	2,959	
Provision for income taxes	429	578	1,247	1,546	
Results of operations	\$ 414	\$ 206	\$ 1,259	\$ 1,413	

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts differ from E&P operating revenues in Note 13 "Segment Information" primarily due to the exclusion of sales of hydrocarbons purchased from unrelated third parties.

After considering the items affecting comparability between periods, the remaining changes in Exploration and Production earnings are primarily attributable to changes in selling prices, sales volumes, operating costs, exploration expenses and income taxes, as discussed below.

#### **Results of Operations (continued)**

*Selling prices:* Higher average realized selling prices of crude oil and natural gas increased Exploration and Production revenues by approximately \$150 million in the third quarter of 2007 compared with 2006. Average selling prices were comparable in the first nine months of 2007 and 2006. The Corporation's average selling prices were as follows:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine mon Septem		1	
	 2007		2006	2007		2006
Average selling prices						
Crude oil — per barrel (including hedging)						
United States	\$ 73.20	\$	65.41	\$ 62.88	\$	62.22
Europe	62.06		59.97	56.95		58.41
Africa	64.38		54.52	57.72		51.86
Asia and other	70.69		67.24	66.59		64.39
Worldwide	65.26		58.81	58.82		57.10
Crude oil — per barrel (excluding hedging)						
United States	\$ 73.20	\$	65.41	\$ 62.88	\$	62.22
Europe	62.06		62.79	56.95		60.85
Africa	73.49		66.43	66.47		65.52
Asia and other	70.69		67.24	66.59		64.39
Worldwide	69.85		64.73	62.66		62.75
Natural gas liquids — per barrel						
United States	\$ 51.27	\$	49.17	\$ 47.43	\$	47.07
Europe	48.44		50.30	51.55		48.50
Worldwide	50.58		49.54	48.83		47.51
Natural gas — per Mcf						
United States	\$ 5.80	\$	5.99	\$ 6.75	\$	6.68
Europe	6.09		5.37	5.03		6.47
Asia and other	4.69		3.91	4.55		3.93
Worldwide	5.38		4.94	5.08		5.59

Crude oil hedges reduced Exploration and Production earnings by \$60 million and \$155 million (\$101 million and \$258 million before income taxes) in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007. Crude oil hedges reduced Exploration and Production earnings by \$81 million and \$228 million (\$128 million and \$357 million before income taxes) in the third quarter and first nine months of 2006.

**Production and sales volumes:** The Corporation's crude oil and natural gas production, on a barrel of oil equivalent basis, was 357,000 boepd in the third quarter of 2007 compared with 352,000 boepd in the same period of 2006. Production in the first nine months of 2007 was 372,000 boepd compared with 356,000 boepd in the first nine months of 2006. The Corporation anticipates production growth in the fourth quarter which will primarily come from increases in the Cromarty, Everest, Lomond and Schiehallion fields in the United Kingdom, the Okume Complex in Equatorial Guinea, Block A-18 of the JDA and the start of production from the Genghis Khan field in the Deepwater Gulf of Mexico and the Snohvit field in Norway. The Corporation anticipates that its production for the full year of 2007 will average between 375,000 boepd and 380,000 boepd.

#### **Results of Operations (continued)**

The Corporation's net daily worldwide production by region was as follows (in thousands):

		months ended tember 30		months ended otember 30
	2007			2006
Crude oil (barrels per day)				
United States	31	34	31	38
Europe	83	102	96	109
Africa	123	86	112	84
Asia and other	20	13	20	11
Total	257	235	259	242
	<del></del>		<del></del>	
Natural gas liquids (barrels per day)				
United States	11	11	10	10
Europe	3	5	5	4
Total	14	16	15	14
			<del></del>	
Natural gas (Mcf per day)				
United States	87	109	87	116
Europe	188	274	249	266
Asia and other	241	226	254	218
Total	516	609	590	600
Barrels of oil equivalent per day *	357	352	372	356
1 1				

<sup>\*</sup> Natural gas production is converted assuming six Mcf equals one barrel.

*United States:* Crude oil and natural gas production was lower in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007, principally due to natural decline and asset sales.

*Europe:* Crude oil production in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007 was lower than the comparable periods of 2006, reflecting natural decline, facilities work on three North Sea fields, and the sale of the Corporation's remaining interests in the Scott and Telford fields in the United Kingdom. These decreases were partially offset by increased production in Russia. Decreased natural gas production in the third quarter of 2007 was principally due to a decision to reduce production at the Cromarty field in response to market conditions in the United Kingdom, lower nominations related to the shut-down of a non-operated pipeline in the North Sea and natural decline. Lower natural gas production in the first nine months of 2007 was also due to the non-operated pipeline shut-down and natural decline, partially offset by new production from the Atlantic and Cromarty fields in the United Kingdom which commenced in June 2006.

*Africa:* Higher crude oil production in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007 was primarily due to the start-up of the Okume Complex in Equatorial Guinea in December 2006.

Asia and other: Crude oil production increased in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007, reflecting a combination of an increased entitlement and greater production in Azerbaijan. Higher natural gas production was principally due to new production from the Phu Horm onshore gas project (now called Sinphuhorm) in Thailand which commenced in November 2006 and new production from the Pangkah field in Indonesia which commenced in the second quarter of 2007. These increases were partially offset by a planned shut-down of Block A-18 in the Joint Development Area of Malaysia and Thailand to install facilities required for Phase 2 gas sales.

#### **Results of Operations (continued)**

Sales volumes: Crude oil and natural gas sales volumes were comparable in the third quarter of 2007 and 2006. Higher sales volumes increased revenue by approximately \$280 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with 2006.

Operating costs and depreciation, depletion and amortization: Cash operating costs, consisting of production expenses and general and administrative expenses, increased by \$89 million and \$276 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007 compared with the corresponding periods of 2006. The increases principally reflect higher production volumes, increased costs of services and higher production taxes. Depreciation, depletion and amortization charges were higher in 2007 reflecting higher production volumes and per barrel rates.

Exploration expenses: Exploration expenses were \$131 million and \$314 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007, decreases of \$90 million and \$98 million, respectively, from the third quarter and first nine months of 2006. The changes principally reflect the timing of exploration drilling and seismic studies. The Corporation's planned exploratory drilling activities are expected to increase in the fourth quarter.

Other: Exploration and Production foreign currency gains and (losses) were as follows (in millions):

		ee months ended September 30		ne months ended September 30
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Before income taxes	\$ 20	\$ (	3) \$ 16	\$ 11
After income taxes	1	(	1) (8)	) 5

The effective income tax rate for Exploration and Production operations in the first nine months of 2007 was 50% compared with 53% in the first nine months of 2006.

The Corporation's future Exploration and Production earnings may be impacted by external factors, such as volatility in the selling prices of crude oil and natural gas, reserve and production changes, industry cost inflation, exploration expenses, changes in foreign exchange and income tax rates, political risk and the effects of weather.

#### Marketing and Refining

Earnings from Marketing and Refining activities amounted to \$46 million in the third quarter of 2007 compared with \$152 million in the third quarter of 2006. Earnings from Marketing and Refining activities amounted to \$269 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$327 million in the first nine months of 2006. The Corporation's downstream operations include HOVENSA L.L.C. (HOVENSA), a 50% owned refining joint venture with a subsidiary of Petroleos de Venezuela S.A. (PDVSA), which is accounted for using the equity method. Additional Marketing and Refining activities include a fluid catalytic cracking facility in Port Reading, New Jersey, as well as retail gasoline stations, energy marketing and trading operations.

**Refining:** Refining earnings were \$25 million in the third quarter of 2007 and \$166 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$63 million and \$195 million in the corresponding periods of 2006. The Corporation's share of HOVENSA's earnings, after income taxes, was \$12 million in the third quarter of 2007 compared with \$41 million in the third quarter of 2006. The decrease was due to lower refining margins. The Corporation's share of HOVENSA's earnings, after income taxes, was \$96 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$105 million in 2006. The decrease was due to the cost of expensing the coker turnaround in the second quarter, partially offset by higher refining margins in the first half of 2007.

#### **Results of Operations (continued)**

Interest income on the PDVSA note after income taxes was \$2 million in the third quarter and \$5 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$2 million in the third quarter and \$7 million in the first nine months of 2006. At September 30, 2007, the remaining balance of the PDVSA note was \$91 million, which is scheduled to be fully repaid by February 2009.

Port Reading's after tax earnings were \$10 million in the third quarter and \$62 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$19 million in the third quarter and \$81 million in the first nine months of 2006.

The following table summarizes refinery capacity and utilization rates:

	Refinery capacity		nths ended nber 30	Nine mon Septem	
	(thousands of barrels per day)	2007	2006	2007	2006
HOVENSA					
Crude	500	91.9%	94.9%	88.4%	88.3%
Fluid catalytic cracker	150	82.4%	92.0%	87.8%	82.0%
Coker	58	92.6%	88.3%	78.1%	82.4%
Port Reading	65	93.8%	95.8%	92.2%	97.1%

*Marketing:* Marketing earnings, which consist principally of energy marketing and retail gasoline operations, were \$21 million in the third quarter of 2007 and \$64 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$63 million in the third quarter and \$91 million in the first nine months of 2006. Total refined product sales volumes were 447,000 barrels per day in the first nine months of 2007 and 455,000 barrels per day in the first nine months of 2006.

The Corporation has a 50% voting interest in a consolidated partnership that trades energy commodities and energy derivatives. The Corporation also takes trading positions for its own account. The Corporation's after-tax results from trading activities, including its share of the results of the trading partnership, were breakeven in the third quarter of 2007 compared with income of \$26 million in the third quarter of 2006. After-tax income from trading activities amounted to \$39 million and \$41 million in the first nine months of 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Marketing expenses increased slightly in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007 compared with the corresponding periods of 2006, reflecting the increased number of retail sites, growth in energy marketing activities, partially offset by lower costs of the trading partnership.

The Corporation's future Marketing and Refining earnings may be impacted by external factors, such as volatility in marketing and refining margins, competitive industry conditions, government regulatory changes, credit risk and supply and demand factors, including the effects of weather.

#### **Results of Operations (continued)**

#### Corporate

After-tax corporate expenses were \$28 million in the third quarter of 2007 compared with \$31 million in the third quarter of 2006. After-tax corporate expenses were \$91 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$83 million in the first nine months of 2006. The increase principally reflects higher employee related expenses, including stock based compensation.

#### Interest

Interest expense was as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended September 30			Nine months ended September 30	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Total interest incurred	\$ 7	7 \$ 74	\$ 234	\$ 225	
Less: capitalized interest	1	8 25	49	75	
Interest expense before income taxes	5	9 49	185	150	
Less: income taxes	2	2 18	70	54	
After-tax interest expense	\$ 3	<b>\$</b> 31	\$ 115	\$ 96	

The decrease in capitalized interest in 2007 reflects the completion of several development projects in 2007 and the latter portion of 2006. After-tax interest expense for the full year of 2007 is expected to be in the range of \$160 to \$165 million.

#### Sales and Other Operating Revenues

Sales and other operating revenues increased by 6% in the third quarter and first nine months of 2007 compared with the corresponding periods of 2006. The increases are primarily due to higher selling prices and sales volumes of crude oil, higher refined product selling prices and increased sales volumes of electricity. The increase in cost of goods sold principally reflects higher refined product costs and increased purchases of electricity.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The following table sets forth certain relevant measures of the Corporation's liquidity and capital resources (in millions, except ratios):

	September 30, 2007		December 31, 2006	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 565	\$	383	
Current portion of long-term debt	46		27	
Total debt	3,985		3,772	
Stockholders' equity	9,509		8,147	
Debt to capitalization ratio*	29.5%		31.6%	

<sup>\*</sup> Total debt as a percentage of the sum of total debt plus stockholders' equity.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources (Continued)

Cash Flows: The following table sets forth a summary of the Corporation's cash flows (in millions):

	Nine month	is ended
	Septemb	er 30
	2007	2006
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 2,701	\$ 2,712
Investing activities	(2,686)	(2,358)
Financing activities	167	(123)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 182	\$ 231

*Operating Activities:* Net cash provided by operating activities, including changes in operating assets and liabilities, amounted to \$2,701 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$2,712 million in 2006. The change reflects lower earnings and a reduced distribution from HOVENSA, offset by increased cash flow from changes in working capital accounts. In the first nine months of 2007, the Corporation received a cash distribution of \$200 million from HOVENSA compared with \$300 million in 2006.

*Investing Activities:* The following table summarizes the Corporation's capital expenditures (in millions):

		Nine months ended September 30	
	2007	2006	
Exploration and Production			
Exploration	\$ 293	\$ 468	
Production and development	1,973	1,504	
Property acquisitions (including leasehold)	413	789	
	2,679	2,761	
Marketing, Refining and Corporate	94	122	
Total	\$ 2,773	\$ 2,883	

Capital expenditures in the first nine months of 2007 include the acquisition of a 28% interest in the Genghis Khan Field in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico for \$371 million. Investing activities in the nine months of 2006 include payments of \$260 million related to the Corporation's re-entry into Libya and \$413 million to acquire a 55% working interest in the West Med Block in Egypt.

In the first nine months of 2007, proceeds from the sale of the Corporation's interests in the Scott and Telford fields, located in the United Kingdom were \$93 million. In the first nine months of 2006, proceeds from the sale of the Corporation's interests in certain producing properties in the Permian Basin and onshore Gulf Coast in Texas and New Mexico were \$444 million.

*Financing Activities:* In the first nine months of 2007, there was a net increase in borrowings of \$213 million. Dividends paid were \$127 million in the first nine months of 2007 (\$148 million in the first nine months of 2006). During the first nine months of 2007, the Corporation received proceeds from the exercise of stock options totaling \$81 million (\$35 million in the same period of 2006).

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources (Continued)

**Future Capital Requirements and Resources:** The Corporation anticipates investing a total of approximately \$4.2 billion, excluding additional acquisitions, if any, in capital and exploratory expenditures during 2007. The Corporation expects that it will fund its 2007 operations, including capital expenditures, dividends, pension contributions and required debt repayments, with existing cash on-hand, cash flow from operations and its available credit facilities.

At September 30, 2007, the Corporation has \$2,618 million of available borrowing capacity under its \$3 billion syndicated revolving credit facility, substantially all of which is committed through May 2012. Outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility were \$382 million at September 30, 2007 (\$300 million at December 31, 2006).

At September 30, 2007, the Corporation had \$57 million of outstanding borrowings under its 364-day asset-backed credit facility (\$318 million at December 31, 2006). This borrowing and outstanding letters of credit under this facility of \$509 million were collateralized by approximately \$966 million of Marketing and Refining accounts receivable. These receivables are not available to pay the general obligations of the Corporation before satisfaction of the Corporation's obligations under the asset-backed credit facility. The Corporation's total borrowing capacity under the asset-backed credit facility is \$570 million, subject to the availability of sufficient levels of eligible receivables.

At September 30, 2007, the Corporation classified an aggregate of \$457 million of borrowings under short-term credit facilities as long-term debt, based on the available capacity under the \$3 billion syndicated revolving credit facility.

The Corporation has additional unused lines of credit of approximately \$486 million, primarily for letters of credit, under uncommitted arrangements with banks. The Corporation also has a shelf registration under which it may issue additional debt securities, warrants, common stock or preferred stock.

Outstanding letters of credit were as follows (in millions):

	ember 30, 2007	ember 31, 2006
Lines of Credit		
Revolving credit facility	\$ _	\$ 1
Asset backed credit facility	509	_
Committed short-term letter of credit facilities	1,150	1,875
Uncommitted lines	1,516	1,603
	\$ 3,175	\$ 3,479

Loan agreement covenants allow the Corporation to borrow up to an additional \$11.9 billion for the construction or acquisition of assets at September 30, 2007. The Corporation has the ability to borrow up to an additional \$2.8 billion of secured debt at September 30, 2007 under the loan agreement covenants. At September 30, 2007 the maximum amount of dividends or stock repurchases that can be paid from borrowings under the loan agreement covenants is \$4.4 billion.

*Credit Ratings:* There are three major credit rating agencies that rate the Corporation's debt. All three agencies have currently assigned an investment grade rating to the Corporation's debt. The interest rates and facility fees charged on the Corporation's borrowing arrangements and margin requirements from non-trading and trading counterparties are subject to adjustment if the Corporation's credit rating changes.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources (Continued)

*Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements:* The Corporation has leveraged leases not included in its balance sheet, primarily related to retail gasoline stations that the Corporation operates. The net present value of these leases is \$489 million at September 30, 2007. The Corporation's September 30, 2007 debt to capitalization ratio would increase from 29.5% to 32% if the leases were included as debt.

The Corporation guarantees the payment of up to 50% of HOVENSA's crude oil purchases from suppliers other than PDVSA. At September 30, 2007, the guarantee amounted to \$264 million. This amount fluctuates based on the volume of crude oil purchased and related prices. In addition, the Corporation has agreed to provide funding up to a maximum of \$15 million to the extent HOVENSA does not have funds to meet its senior debt obligations.

**Contractual Obligations:** In the third quarter of 2007, the Corporation entered into a five-year operating lease agreement for a deepwater drillship and related services. Under the terms of the new agreement, the rig will be delivered in the middle of 2009, at which time the Corporation will commence lease payments ratably over the subsequent five years totaling approximately \$950 million.

#### **Changes in Accounting Policies**

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Staff Position (FSP) AUG AIR-1, *Accounting for Planned Major Maintenance Activities*. This FSP eliminates the previously acceptable accrue-in-advance method of accounting for planned major maintenance. As a result, the Corporation retrospectively changed its method of accounting to recognize expenses associated with refinery turnarounds when such costs are incurred. The impact of adopting this FSP decreased previously reported third quarter 2006 net income by \$1 million with no impact to diluted earnings per share and increased previously reported net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 by \$4 million (\$.02 per diluted share). The impact on the fourth quarter of 2006 was not material. In addition, previously reported 2005 net income decreased by \$16 million and retained earnings as of January 1, 2005 increased by \$48 million. Prior period financial information in the financial statements and notes reflect this retrospective accounting change.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Corporation adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes the financial statement recognition and measurement criteria for a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The impact of adoption was not material to the Corporation's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. FIN 48 also requires additional disclosures related to uncertain income tax positions. At January 1, 2007, the Corporation had uncertain tax positions of \$142 million.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Standard**

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which the Corporation will adopt effective January 1, 2008. FAS No. 157 establishes requirements for determining fair value, which apply broadly to financial and non-financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value under other authoritative accounting pronouncements. Additionally, the standard requires increased disclosure of the methods of determining fair value. The Corporation is continuing to evaluate the impact of adopting FAS No. 157 and developments at the FASB, which could potentially impact the requirements of this standard.

#### **Market Risk Disclosure**

In the normal course of its business, the Corporation is exposed to commodity risks related to changes in the prices of crude oil, natural gas, refined products and electricity, as well as to changes in interest rates and foreign currency values. In the disclosures that follow, these operations are referred to as non-trading activities. The Corporation also has trading operations, principally through a 50% voting interest in a trading partnership. These activities are also exposed to commodity risks primarily related to the prices of crude oil, natural gas and refined products.

**Instruments:** The Corporation primarily uses forward commodity contracts, foreign exchange forward contracts, futures, swaps, options and energy commodity based securities in its non-trading and trading activities. Generally, these contracts are widely traded instruments with standardized terms.

*Value-at-Risk:* The Corporation uses value-at-risk to monitor and control commodity risk within its trading and non-trading activities. The value-at-risk model uses historical simulation and the results represent the potential loss in fair value over one day at a 95% confidence level. The model captures both first and second order sensitivities for options. The potential change in fair value based on commodity price risk is presented in the non-trading and trading sections below.

**Non-Trading:** The Corporation's Exploration and Production segment uses futures and swaps to fix the selling prices of a portion of its future production and the related gains or losses are an integral part of its selling prices. Following is a summary of the Corporation's outstanding crude oil hedges at September 30, 2007:

	 Brent Crude Oil	
	Average	Thousands
	Selling Price	of Barrels
	 Price	per Day
Maturities		
2007	\$ 25.85	24
2008	25.56	24
2009	25.54	24
2010	25.78	24
2011	26.37	24
2012	26.90	24

There were no hedges of WTI crude oil or natural gas production at September 30, 2007. As market conditions change, the Corporation may adjust its hedge positions. The Corporation also markets energy commodities including refined petroleum products, natural gas and electricity. The Corporation uses derivatives to manage the risk in its marketing activities.

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at September 30, 2007 includes after-tax unrealized deferred losses of \$1,396 million primarily related to crude oil contracts used as hedges of Exploration and Production sales. The Corporation estimates that at September 30, 2007, the value-at-risk for commodity related derivatives used in non-trading activities was \$54 million (\$62 million at December 31, 2006). The results may vary from time to time as hedge levels change.

*Trading:* In trading activities, the Corporation is exposed to changes in crude oil, natural gas and refined product prices. The trading partnership in which the Corporation has a 50% voting interest trades energy commodities and derivatives. The accounts of the partnership are consolidated with those of the Corporation. The Corporation also takes trading positions for its own account. The information that follows represents 100% of the trading partnership and the Corporation's proprietary trading accounts.

#### Market Risk Disclosure (Continued)

Total realized gains for the first nine months of 2007 amounted to \$358 million (\$640 million of realized gains for the first nine months of 2006). The following table provides an assessment of the factors affecting the changes in fair value of trading activities (in millions):

	2007	2006
Fair value of contracts outstanding at January 1	\$ 365	
Change in fair value of contracts outstanding at the beginning of the year and still outstanding at September 30	(69	(271)
Reversal of fair value for contracts closed during the period	(133	(186)
Fair value of contracts entered into during the period and still outstanding	(37)	(168)
Fair value of contracts outstanding at September 30	\$ 126	

The Corporation uses observable market values for determining the fair value of its trading instruments. In cases where actively quoted prices are not available, other external sources are used which incorporate information about commodity prices in actively quoted markets, quoted prices in less active markets and other market fundamental analysis. Internal estimates are based on internal models incorporating underlying market information such as commodity volatilities and correlations. The Corporation's risk management department regularly compares valuations to independent sources and models. The following table summarizes the sources of fair values of derivatives used in the Corporation's trading activities at September 30, 2007 (in millions):

	Instruments Maturing				
					2010 and
Source of Fair Value	Total	2007	2008	2009	bevond
Prices actively quoted	\$ 119	\$ 57	\$ 20	\$ 13	\$ 29
Other external sources	7	(8)	6	9	_
Internal estimates	_	_	_	_	_
Total	\$ 126	\$ 49	\$ 26	\$ 22	\$ 29

The Corporation estimates that at September 30, 2007, the value-at-risk for trading activities was \$13 million (\$17 million at December 31, 2006). The results may change from time to time as strategies change to capture potential market rate movements.

The following table summarizes the fair values of net receivables relating to the Corporation's trading activities and the credit ratings of counterparties at September 30, 2007 (in millions):

Investment grade determined by outside sources	\$ 243
Investment grade determined internally (*)	48
Less than investment grade	48
Fair value of net receivables outstanding at end of period	\$ 339

<sup>(\*)</sup> Based on information provided by counterparties and other available sources.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

#### **Forward-Looking Information**

Certain sections of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition, including references to the Corporation's future results of operations and financial position, liquidity and capital resources, capital expenditures, oil and gas production, tax rates, debt repayment, hedging, derivative and market risk disclosures and off-balance sheet arrangements include forward-looking information. Forward-looking disclosures are based on the Corporation's current understanding and assessment of these activities and reasonable assumptions about the future. Actual results may differ from these disclosures because of changes in market conditions, government actions and other factors.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The information required by this item is presented under Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition – Market Risk Disclosure."

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Based upon their evaluation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a - 15(e) and 15d - 15(e)) as of September 30, 2007, John B. Hess, Chief Executive Officer, and John P. Rielly, Chief Financial Officer, concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2007.

There was no change in internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 in the quarter ended September 30, 2007 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On September 13, 2007 HOVENSA L.L.C., which owns and operates a refinery in the U.S. Virgin Islands and in which Registrant owns a 50% interest, received a notice of violation (NOV) pursuant to section 113(a)(i) of the Clean Air Act (Act) from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) finding that HOVENSA failed to obtain proper permitting for the construction and operation of its delayed coking unit in accordance with applicable law and regulations. HOVENSA believes it properly obtained all necessary permits for this project. The NOV states that EPA has authority to issue an administrative order assessing penalties for violation of the Act. However, HOVENSA intends to enter into discussions with the EPA to reach resolution of this matter. Registrant does not believe that this matter will result in material liability to HOVENSA or Registrant.

#### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

#### a. Exhibits

- 31(1) Certification required by Rule 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a)) or Rule 15d-14(a) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(a))
- 31(2) Certification required by Rule 13a-14(a) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a)) or Rule 15d-14(a) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(a))
- 32(1) Certification required by Rule 13a-14(b) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(b)) or Rule 15d-14(b) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350)
- 32(2) Certification required by Rule 13a-14(b) (17 CFR 240.13a-14(b)) or Rule 15d-14(b) (17 CFR 240.15d-14(b)) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350)

#### b. Reports on Form 8-K

During the quarter ended September 30, 2007, Registrant filed one report on Form 8-K:

(i) Filing dated July 25, 2007 reporting under Items 2.02 and 9.01 a news release dated July 25, 2007 reporting results for the second quarter of 2007.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HESS CORPORATION (REGISTRANT)

By /s/ John B. Hess

JOHN B. HESS

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

By /s/ John P. Rielly

JOHN P. RIELLY SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Date: November 7, 2007

#### CERTIFICATIONS

#### I, John B. Hess, certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Hess Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and the internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By /s/ John B. Hess

JOHN B. HESS CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date: November 7, 2007

#### I, John P. Rielly, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Hess Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and the internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By /s/ John P. Rielly
JOHN P. RIELLY
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AND
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Date: November 7, 2007

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hess Corporation (the "Corporation") on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John B. Hess, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

By /s/ John B. Hess
JOHN B. HESS
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
Date: November 7, 2007

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Hess Corporation and will be retained by Hess Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hess Corporation (the "Corporation") on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John P. Rielly, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

By /s/ John P. Rielly

JOHN P. RIELLY

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AND

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Date: November 7, 2007

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Hess Corporation and will be retained by Hess Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.